

Gokaraju Rangaraju Institute of Engineering and Technology (Autonomous)

Inter Institutional events

	DATE	No. of days	Type of Event	Name of the Conference/Event/A ctivity Name	Awarded	Name of the Institute Organized
	15-08-2022	1	Musical Chair Competition	Nirmaan Organization	Winner	Future Ready Youth Skilling Center, Madhura Nagar
	17-08-2022	1	Quiz	Quiz conducted by NRSC, ISRO at JNTUH	3 rd Prize	JNTUH, Hyderabad
	17-04-2023 to 18-04-2023	2	Sports	Inter college Cricket Competition	2 nd Prize	KG REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERI NG
	17-04-2023 to 18-04-2023	2	Sports	Inter college Cricket Competition	Winners	Mallareddy Pharmacy College
Winners	25-04- 2023 to 26-04- 2023	2	Sports	Inter college Cricket Competition	Winners	Hyderabad Institute of Technology and Management
	26-03-2022 to 27-03-2022	2	Sports	Intercollege Kabbadi Competition	Winners	Malla Reddy University
	24-01-2020	1	Badminton	Inter Collegiate Sports and Games JNTU Hyderabad	2 nd Prize	VNR
	02-03-2019 to 03-03-2019	2	Hackathon	Smart India Hackathon 2019	Winners	Raj Kumar Goel Institute of Technology, Ghaziabad
Acade mic year	DATE	No. of days	Type of Event	Name of the Conference/Event/A ctivity Name	No. of Students Participated/ Awarded/ Presented	Name of the Institute Organized

	31-01-2023 To 01-02-2023	2	Sudhee'2023	Bug Beaters	1	CBIT
	04-07-2022 to 24-09-2022	12 weeks	NPTEL Course	Data Analytics with python	349	IIT Roorke
	06-03-2023 to 29-04-2023	8 weeks	NPTEL Course	Data Science for Engineers	359	IIT Madras
	29-07-2022 to 31-06-2022	3	International Conference	ICNGIS'22 Publication Analysis and Forecasting of Covid-19 in Indian States	1	Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Technology, Velloor, Kerela
2022-23	12-08-2022 to 13-08-2022	2	International Conference	ICCIDE'22 Publication Cyber Threat Detection Based On Artificial Neural Networks Using Flask	1	VIT-AP University, Vijayawada
	15-08-2022	1	Musical Chair Competition	Nirmaan Organization	1	Future Ready Youth Skilling Center, Madhura Nagar
	17-08-2022	1	Quiz	Quiz conducted by NRSC, ISRO at JNTUH	5	JNTUH, Hyderabad
	25-08-2022 to 26-12-2022	2	Hackathon	Smart India Hackathon2022, MDRD, IIC	6	Sona College of Technology, Salem
	04-11-2022 to 06-11- 2022	3	Sports	National Level Inter Engineering College Sports - Throwball	1	CBIT
	17-04-2023 to 18-04-2023	2	Sports	Intercollege Kabbadi Competition	2	KG REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERIN G
	17-04-2023 to 18-04-2023	2	Sports	Inter college Cricket Competition	4	KG REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERIN G

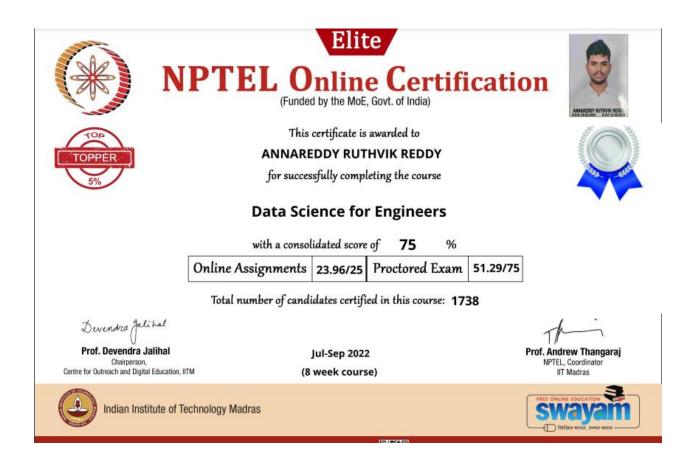
	17-04-2023 to 18-04-2023	2	Sports	Inter college Cricket Competition	6	Mallareddy Pharmacy College
	17-04-2023 to 18-04-2023	2	Sports	Intercollege GIRLS Kabbadi Competition (Runners)	2	KG REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERIN G
	25-04-2023 to 26-04-2023	2	Sports	Inter college Cricket Competition	7	Hyderabad Institute of Technology and Management
	28-12-2020 to 20-03-2021	12 weeks	NPTEL Course	Data Analytics with python	336	IIT Roorke
	25-10-2021 to 18-12-2021	8 weeks	NPTEL Course	Data Science for Engineers	325	IIT Madras
	29-10-2021 to 30-10-2021	2	Hackathon	National Level VJ Hackathon	2	VNR VJIET
	23-02-2022 to 25-02-2022	5	International Conference	ICAIS'22 Publication 1. Hand Gesture Recognition and voice, text conversion using CNN & ANN 2. Smart bot assistant for college information system	2	JCT College of Engineering, Coimbatore, Tamilnadu
2021-22	25-03-2022 to 26-03-2022	2	International Conference	ICACCS'22 Publication 1. An Innovative Emotion Recognition and Solution Recommendation Chatbot. 2. Speech to Sign Language Translation for Indian Languages	2	Sri Eshwar College of Engineering, Coimbatore, Tamilnadu
	26-03-2022 to 27-03-2022	2	Sports	Intercollege Kabbadi Competition	1	Malla Reddy University

	28-03-2022 to 29-03-2022	2	International Conference	ICMISC'22 Publication 1. Vital role of 2D CNN in Brain Malignancy 2. Early onset identification of stomach cancer	2	CMR Institute of Technology, Hyderabad
	12-04-2022 to 13-04-2022	2	Quest 2022	Blind Code	2	JNTU- Hyderabad
	29-04-2022 to 30-04-2022	2	International Conference	ICCCE'22 Publication 1. Brain Tumor Detection using Image Segmentation and CNN 2. G - FORUM using MVC Architecture	2	CMR Engineering College Hyderabad
	09-05-2022 to 11-025- 2022	3	International Conference	ICAAIC'22 Publication Applying_CNN_on_ Lung_Images_for_Sc reening_ Initial_Cancer Stages	1	Narasu Sarathy Institute of Technology, Salem
	06-06-2022 to 03-09-2022	69	Course Completion	Nirmaan Organization	1	Future Ready Youth Skilling Center, Madhura Nagar
		8	NPTEL	Data Science for		
	Covid time	weeks	Course	Engineers	296	IIT madras
2020-21	23-10-2020 to 16-12-2020	8 weeks	NPTEL Course	User Centric computing for Human Computer Interaction	374	ШТ
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	24-01-2020	1	Badminton	Inter Collegiate Sports and Games JNTU Hyderabad	2 nd Prize	VNR
2019-20	14-10-2019 to 08-12-2019	12 weeks	NPTEL Course	Introduction to internet of things	409	IIT Kharagpur
2019-20	02-03-2019 to	2	Hackathon	Smart India Hackathon 2019	6	Raj Kumar Goel Institute

03-03-2019			of
			Technology,
			Ghaziabad



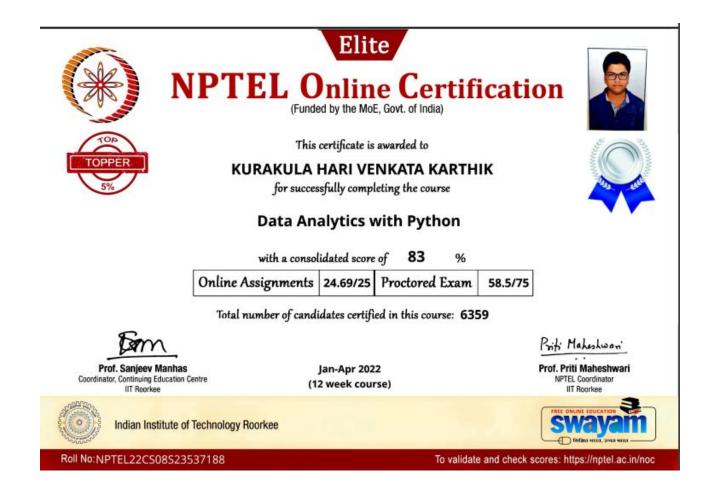


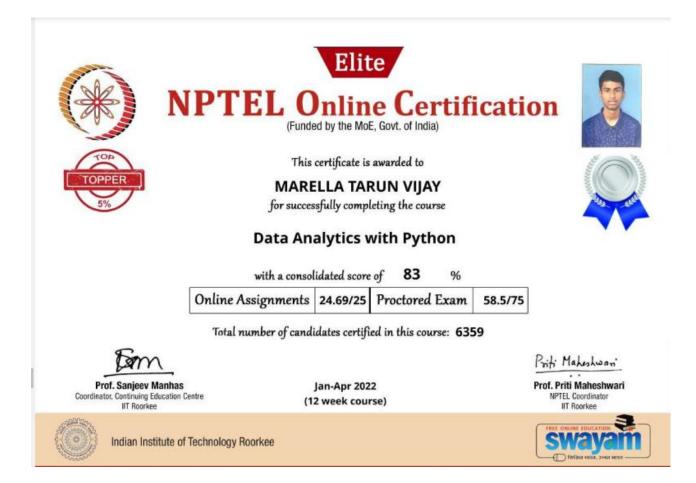




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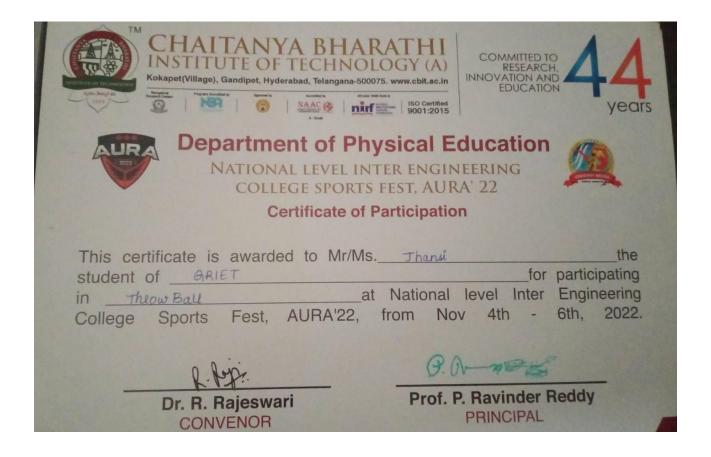




CSE III year students Won III prize in Quiz competition conducted by nrsc,ISRO at JNTUH



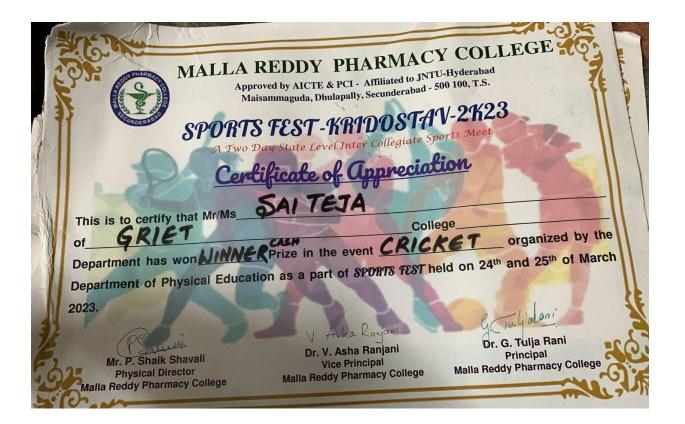




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GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOL DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION

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Physical Director

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I wish to inform you that the following students are participating in the sports event hosted by Tech Mahlodra from 29/03/23 to ______

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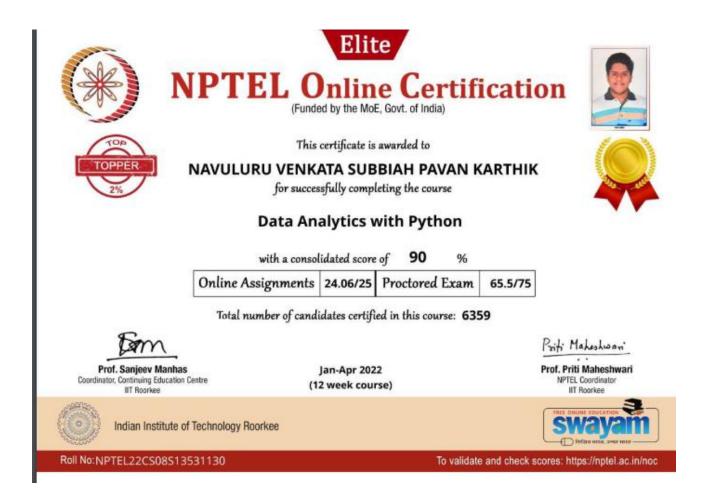
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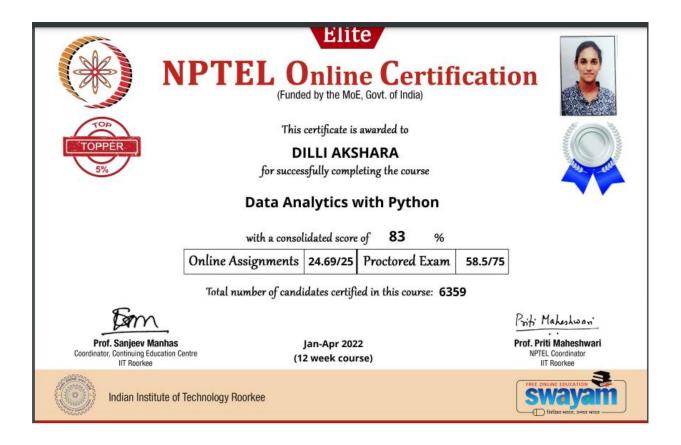
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It is requested to provide transport facility (pickup & drop) on the above mentioned dates.

Principal

Physical Director





Elite NPTEL Online Certification (Funded by the Ministry of HRD, Govt. of India)							
This certificate is awarded to VARIKUPPALA PRAVEEN KUMAR for successfully completing the course Data Science for Engineers							
with a consolidated score of 90 %							
	Online Assignments	25/25	Proctored Exam	64.58/75			
	Total number of candidates certified in this course: 2140						
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Proceedings of the Proceedings of the Second International Conference on Artificial Intelligence and Smart Energy (ICAIS). DVD Part Number: CIP220AB-DVD; ISBN: 978-1-6656-0051-0

Hand Gesture Recognition and voice, text conversion using

CNN and ANN

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Prenavi Daggirala Computer Science Engineering Gokaraja Rangaraja Institute of Engineering and Technology Hydenshad, India prenavi raddy01@gmail.com Niharika Vita Computer Science Engineering Gokaraja Rangaraja Institute of Engineering and Technology Hydenshud, India niharika6112000@genial.com

Venkuta Surya Samoya Ambadipudi Computer Science Engineering Gokangia Rangaraja Institute of Engineering and Technology Hydershad, India Korayasaratya@gmail.com

Abstract- Individuals primarily communicate with one another. Blind and deaf people use sign language to communicate with others. These individuals have difficulty communicating their message to ordinary people. Deaf and blind people believe they are unable to communicate because of a lack of communication skills, and as a result, they are unable to express their emotions. Because most individuals aren't educated in sign language, communicating in an emergency can be extremely challenging. As a consequence, the challenge may be solved by converting hand gestures into human-hearing sounds and text. Vision and non-vision approaches are two of the most commonly used methods for detecting hand movements or gestures. In a vision-based approach, a camera will be used for gesture detection, whereas sensors will be employed in a non-vision-based technique. In this study, a vision-based technique was used. This device detects and locates hand motions in order to keep a communication channel open with others. Using convolutional neural networks and artificial neural networks, this research develops a gesture recognition system. This study looks into the advantages and disadvantages of hand motion recognition.

Leynords—Hand genture, Genture Recognition, Sign Language, Dumb and Deef, Feature Extraction, Deep Learning, Webcam, Image Pre-processing.

I. INTRODUCTION

Sign language is becoming more popular as a technique to communicate with those who are unable to communicate verbally. It is a language in which hand motions are used to express alphabets and words. The vision technique has been the most extensively used method for sign recognition in recent decades. It's a technology that uses a camera to identify data transmitted by finger motions. It is the most commonly used visual-based method. Vision-based sign recognition systems have taken a lot of time and effort to develop all over the world. The two vision-based gesture recognition systems are direct and indirect. Previously, for the recognition of hand gestures, a vision-based approach was used. However, the ambient influence on the detected picture is significant in this approach. The hand motion is detected and converted into speech and text.

One of the most important challenges that this one-of-akind personality suffers from is the communication gap between a disabled person and an ordinary person. Due to a lack of communication, deaf and dumb people are unable to express their feelings. Hand Gesture Recognition and Voice Conversion (HGRVC) technology identifies and monitors the hand motions of the deaf and dumb, allowing them to converse with others. Webcams are used to detect hand movements. With the help of pre-processing, the images are then converted to normal size. The goal of this study is to create a system that can translate hand gesture into speech and text. Hand gesture is analysed as part of the identification. The technology provides text output, which helps deaf people, and also speech output, which helps blind people and humans communicate more effectively.

A. Problem Statement

To communicate with the wider public, deaf and blind people rely significantly on sign language. Those persons find it challenging to express their message to regular people. Due to a lack of communication, deaf and blind people are unable to transmit and express their feelings. Hand signals can be converted into human voice and writing to remedy the problem. People engage with one other mostly through communication. Dumb and blind persons use sign language to communicate with those who are not deaf or blind. Those individuals find it extremely difficult to communicate their message to the general public. They are uneasy about taking on such a massive task. Dumb and blind individuals believe they are unable to communicate because of a lack of communication, and as a result, they are unable to convey their emotions. Because most individuals aren't trained in sign language, communicating their message in an emergency is extremely challenging. As a result, the solution to this challenge is to transform hand movements into human hearing voice and text.

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Computer Science Engineering

2022 8th International Conference on Advanced Computing and Communication Systems (ICACCS)

An Innovative Emotion Recognition and Solution Recommendation Chatbot

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Abstract-The proposed chatbot for emotion recognition and solution recommendation system is a web-based application that aims at helping people to handle their emotions without any external assistance. In today's world, pressure and stress on the professional front, insecure relationships, and other factors produce a lot of mental turneil, which many prefer not to discuss with others. The proposed system simulates a one-onone interaction of the user with the chathot through images, category selection, and text data describing the mood of the person. The user's text description of emotion is analyzed using a variety of machine learning algorithms and parameters, with Random Forest proving to be the most precise in recognizing emotion with accuracy and F1 score of 97.55 and 0.969, respectively. This facilitates recognizing subtle and hidden emotions to recommend better ways of handling the emotions. The proposed chatbot uses state of art technology to analyze the mood of the user using multiple inputs and recommends different ways of controlling the emotion.

Esymords—chatbot; emotion recognition; natural language processing; recommendation system; machine learning; mebbased application; sentiment analysis; text classification

I. INTRODUCTION

Artificial intelligence (AI) is the ability of a computer chatbot to accomplish activities that are commonly performed by humans and are associated with human intelligence [1]. A chatbot is an application that uses AI and Natural Language Processing (NLP) to understand the users and simulate a human-like conversation over the internet, forums, tablets, and message applications. In chatbots, Machine Learning (ML) and NLP are used along with AI mechanisms to provide an interactive environment to the user [2]. NLP plays a major role in making the chatbots accept input questions, analyze the received text, and respond by Mrunhaalhini Roddy Mulagondla

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generating the output text. NLP allows computers to derive meaning from user input. In case of chatbots, it evaluates user input and then generates replies based on contextual analysis, much like humans.

A. Types of Chatbots

In general, chatbots can be classified into rule-based chatbots and conversational chatbots. Rule-based chatbots operate within some pre-defined rules and are limited in their scope of activity. These rules are used to train the chatbots, develop a response system, and help the chatbot to get an idea about the questions. In rule-based chatbots, the questions are mapped to the corresponding response that will be given as output. Conversational chatbots rely on NLP to extract information from user's text and respond with the most appropriate replies. They use AI to improve the accuracy of the response over time [3]. Chatbots are widely used for different business applications like flight booking and FAQ agents [4].

B. Emotions and Need for Psychotherapy

Emotions are how the brain interprets body feelings based on previous experiences. Almost everyone experiences diverse emotions such as joy, anger, fear and so forth. They have a significant impact on how individuals think and act. Despite its importance on a person's overall health, nearly two-thirds of the population with mental health problems never seek treatment, and one out of every four people are likely to experience mental or neurological issues at a certain point in life. Many do not receive treatment for various reasons, including lack of availability of assistance or increasing need for counselling and hesitance in discussing the issue. Not reaching out for help may further worsen the situation leading to suicidal and self-harm tendencies, but not everyone can afford the time or money for professional help

2022 8th International Conference on Advanced Computing and Communication Systems (ICACCS)

Speech to Sign Language Translation for Indian Languages

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Vaddi Mounish

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Abarace- Hearing-impaired people and mute people face a lot of difficulty in communication while interacting with others in society. It may reduce their self-confidence and might make them feel isolated from others. Sign language acts as a communication medium between deaf neonle and ordinary people. Many technologies are used to convert the text to American Sign Language. There is a limited amount of research done on Indian Sim Language. There is a limited amount of research done on Indian Sim Language. There is a limited amount of research done on Indian Sim Language. There is a limited amount of research done on Indian Sim Language. There is a limited amount of research done on Indian Sim Language. There is a limited to amount of research done on Indian Sim Language. There is a limited to amount of research done on Indian Sim Language. There is a limited to an optimize the model takes speech as the input and displays a sequence of corresponding gentures as the output. It involves speech recognition using LSTM and mapping the text with the sign language.

Keywords— Sign Language, Speech Recognition, Text Iranslation, Gaussian Mixture Model, Expectation-Maximization, Long Short Term Memory, Indian Sign Language, Speech to Sign language.

I. INTRODUCTION

Sign Language involves visual gestures and signs, which deaf people and mute people use. It involves manual and nonmanual signals, where manual signs involve fingers, hands, arms, and non-manual signs involve the face, head, eyes, and body. There are 18 million hearing-impaired in India; four in every 1000 children suffer from severe to profound hearing loss. Many firms are constantly searching for skilled and talented individuals, but the people who cannot talk and hear happen to lose many job opportunities. Deaf and mute people feel ostracized as they cannot communicate with ordinary people. It is challenging for ordinary people to communicate with deaf and mute people as they are unfamiliar with sign language. There are many sign languages in the world where each country has its sign language, such as American Sign Language (ASL) [1], Japanese Sign Language (JSL) [2],

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Indian Sign Language (ISL), Arabic Sign Language [3], Etc. American Sign Language uses one hand, whereas Indian Sign Language involves using both hands. Furthermore, Japanese sign language considers mouthing along with hand signs, while Arabic sign language is still developing. But, in India, ISL is more widely used than any other sign language. Many systems are built on ASL, but only a few are developed using ISL. Some ISL systems convert the sign language to speech, but no system converts the regional speech to Sign Language [4].

Much research has been conducted in the field of continuous Speech Recognition of Indian languages such as Telugu [5], [6], Tamil [7], [8], Kannada [9], Marathi [10], Malayalam [11], Hindi [12], Etc. Along with speech recognition, text translation has also been a field of research that has been active for an extended period. Many papers are present on Text Translation for various languages, such as Telugu [13], Marathi [14], Malayalam [15], Hindi [16], Etc. to English text. Some systems translate regional text into Indian sign language using LSTM models, while others convert regional speech to text by MFCC with HMM, Naive Bayes, etc. However, no system directly translates regional speech to Indian Sign Language. This work builds a system that can convert the speech to ISL for six Indian regional languages such as Telugu, Hindi, Tamil, Malayalam, Kannada, and Marathi. It is implemented using waveletbased Mel-Frequency Cepstral Coefficients(MFCC) with Gaussian Mixture Model(GMM) for Speech Recognition, Encoder-Decoder based Long Short Term Memory(LSTM) for Text Translation, and Indian Sign Language (ISL) generation. Research shows that Gaussian models outperform in recognition applications [17], [18].

The paper is divided into six sections. Section I gives a brief introduction to Indian Sign Language. Section II describes the related works in Speech Recognition and Text Translation. Section III gives a brief description of the proposed approach. Section IV shows the evaluation and

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A Novel Deep-Learning Based Classification Of Alzheimer's Disease In Adults

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and Technology Hyderabad, India vijaya@iccc.org

Y.Vijayalata

Abstract -Alzheimer's Disease (AD) is a neurodegenerative disease that is the cause of impairment of cognitive abilities and deterioration of memory. AD is most often observed in people beyond the age of 65. Diseases like AD are best treated by starting the treatment early. Delaying the treatment due to minor uncertainty can accelerate the deterioration. Using AI, medical professionals can confirm the presence or absence of the condition and immediately start the treatment.

In this paper, Sequential Deep Convolutional Neural Network was used to perform a 5-way classification. Data from two varied sources was combined. The data was oversampled using Synthetic Minority Over-Sampling technique from imblearn. The Deep CNN model was able to achieve a maximum of 93.57% accuracy while being tested on data from both data sources. Thus, Deep CNNs are able to classify brain MRI images from varied data sources with sufficient accuracy.

Keywords- Classification, Brain MRI, Algheimer's Disease, Deep CNN, Deep Learning

I INTRODUCTION

Alzheimer's disease (AD) is a neurodegenerative disease, which means that it causes a progressive loss of structure and functions of neurons, slowly leading to death. It is most commonly caused by dementia which is progressive impairment in memory. It most often affects the short-term memory. People affected by AD may have problems understanding the language; this neurological syndrome is called dementia. "AD is a brain disorder that slowly destroys memory and thinking skills and, eventually, the ability to carry out the simplest tasks" [1]. "Alzheimer's is the most common cause of dementia, a general term for memory loss and other cognitive abilities serious enough to interfere with daily life" [2]. Persons affected with AD are said to be discrimined and lose the capability to understand time, directions, people, and place. The symptoms may include mood swings, which means that AD will frequent change in the person's mood. The patient may lose his/her confidence. Their condition deteriorates further as they neglect

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themselves. A patient who has AD exhibits abnormal behaviour. Apologic and a sub-type of AD. Some factors like head injury, degression, and high stress may be causes for AD. "Research supports the theory that an imbalance in the production and clearance of anyloid-beta is central to the development of AD" [3]. In the brain of a person affected with AD, protein builds up around the brain cells. Due to AD, "there is a loss of neuron connection in the brain" [1] where an electrical or chemical signal passes to another

AD patients may benefit from exercise programs. It helps the patients recover or reduce the symptoms of the disease. Due to abnormal behavior and impairment of memories in the brain may cause problems in daily living and lead to an earlier death (3-10 years after the disease [4]). Often AD begins in people more than 65 years of age. Due to short term severe memory-loss and dementia, the neuron cell dies in the brain. AD is a disease wherein the earlier stages are just mild memory loss. In the final stage of AD, the patient fails to remember the conversations he/she was having.

There may be problems in understanding the language, worsening of vocabulary, decreased word frequency, and gradual deterioration of reading and writing skills [5]. Difficulty in speech increases. In the middle stages, frequent use of unrelated vocabulary is noticed. In the advanced stages, they require round-the-clock care to perform daily tasks [6]. AD does not affect all memories equally. Essential memories like long-term memory, general knowledge, and episodic memory are not affected by AD in earlier stages. AD is characterized by the loss of neurons and the inability to pass electrical or chemical signals to other neurons. Altered cholesterol metabolism seems to play a findamental role in the formation of anyloid plaques and tau hyperphosphorylation [7].

There is tremendous research being conducted all over the world to find a definitive cure for AD, but none have been identified yet. However, methods have been identified to

International conference on Recent Trends in Machine Learning, IOT, Smart Cities & Applications (ICMISC 2022)

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The third edition of "International conference on Recent Trends in Machine Learning, IOT, Smart Cities & Applications", ICMISC 2022 is scheduled in Hyderabad, India from 28th – 29th March, 2022 in *Hybrid Mode*. While the theme of this conference is "*Smart Mobility, Economy, Living, Governance, People and Environment*", the scope of this conference has been kept reasonably wide with the following major topics (But not limited to):





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Applying CNN on Lung Images for Screening Initial Cancer Stages

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Abstract- Cancer is the most common disease newsdays, in particular the lung cancer is often diagnosed in many individuals. There are various factors that contribute to cancer in humans, but among them to baco smoking mmains as a key contributor. Smoking is a primary cause, but many other variables, such as second-hand smoke, industrial pollutants, ashestos exposure, and so on, can also cause cancer. These all need to be filtered by lungs, as lungs always need to be working, unlike other organs in the body lungs does not have any rest so it gets effected early than all other body organs, in such cases it has to be examined carefully and clearly for many times to conclude whether it is affected with cancer. This effort is made to make such simple support for doctors in designing a CAD system for identifying the presence of tumor in lungs, th model has high accuracy rate in identifying the problem. CNN is a reliable algorithm for finding such minute problems in CT Scan image of hung to confirm the disease. Lung CT images were used in this study. Training accuracy of our model is 96.11% and the validation accuracy is 97.8%

Erynords— Computer Aided Design, Convolutional Neural Networks, Computed Tomography, Deep Learning, Lung Cancer

I. INTRODUCTION

Lung cancer is a type of cancer that starts in the lungs and expands to various parts in the body. Cancer in the lungs is the most widely recognized sort of disease that kills people. The assumption is that genetic factors must put certain individuals at higher risk for cellular breakdown in the lungs after openness to cancer-causing agents [6]. Lung cancer was diagnosed in an approximated 171,600 people in the United States in 1999 (94,000 men and 77,600 women). with 158,900 people dying as a result of the disease. As a safety measure, the United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) indicates that high-threat adults be checked yearly with low-dose computed tomography. (CT) [23]. For the masons stated above, it is necessary to deploy a CAD system to assist clinicians in identifying lung cancer as early as possible, not only recognising the nodule but doing so with high accuracy. Our aim is to recognize the presence of cellular breakdows in the lungs in understanding CT images of lungs with and without early phase cellular breakdown in the lungs, using a binary classification issue. To create an

accurate classifier, this research work attempts to leverage different approaches from computer vision and deep learning, specifically convolutional neural networks. This research study has used a dataset from Kaggle and constructed a CNN model, trained for the purpose of Lung Cancer detection.

II. BACKGROUND

In the lung cancer diagnosis, computed tomography (CT) is needed to spot the pulmonary nodules. To detext and categorise pulmonary nodules in clinical CT scans, we need to employ a well-trained deep learning system, as deep learning algorithms have recently been recognised as a promising tool in the medical field. [4]

This study was designed to aid doctors in making decisions regarding a patient's health and increase informed patient consent by providing a thorough grasp of the risks involved in treatment procedures based on the patient's condition. By gathering information about the patient's state, we can also save some expensive resources that aren't required for the patient. Despite ongoing forward leaps in analytic strategies, unobtrusive changes, and theoretical therapies, cellular breakdown in the langs patient results stay poor, subsequently, a more profound comprehension of hazard variables might affect local area level preventive drives [1].

Convolutional neural network (CNN) was the primary deep learning technique to acquire widespread attention for their superior performance in AI applications [16]. Several medications developed as a result of these research are now approved for the treatment of certain types of lung cancer. Current lung cancer biology research using cell lines, tumour samples, and animal models, along with knowledge of the lung cancer genome, will bring about a superior comprehension of the illness and new remedial options for patients [21].

Victor [10] employed a deep learning model and achieved an accuracy of 88.4%. Jan et al. [18] A morphological and circular filter-based lung segmentation approach was proposed. Later, they have used CNN approach and got an accuracy of 84.62%. Iyu. [11] developed a Multi-Level

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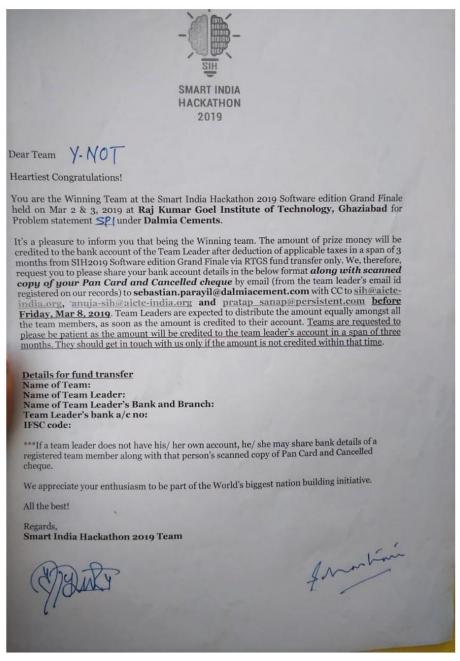














Smart India Hackathon 2019

AWARDS

Team Y-NOT! won the Prize FIRST Prize Rs 75000/- for DALMIA BOT form DALMIA CEMENT at SIH19 Prize Distribution.



L-R: ON DIAS Chief guest, dean, director and pricipal RKGIT OFF DIAS: JUDEGES (DALMIA CENENTS), G. Mallikarjuna Rao (mentor), P.Nani, K. Kavya, Riya Singh, M. Divysa , Malavika M, Khair Unnisa (Team Leader)



Smart India Hackathon 2019

हैकाशन में तेलांगाना का दबदबा



स्मार्ट इंडिया हैकथॉन प्रतियोगिता के समापन पर विजेता छात्र

जासं, गाजिवासाद : आरकेजीआइटी में चल रहे वो विवसीय स्मार्ट इंडिया हेकाथन का समाधन रविवार रात हो गया। गोकराजु गंगा राजु इंस्टीट्यूट आफ इंजीनियरिंग एंड टेक्नोलाजी तेलांगाना एवं आरकेजीआइटी की कोटिंग रेजर को विजेता घोषित किया। अन्य वर्ग में टेक्नोस तमिलनाडु श्री कृष्णा कॉलेज ऑफ इंजीनियारिंग एंड टेक्नोलॉजी, स्वैप कोलोज तेलांगाना, आइआइटी हैदराबाद, महाराष्ट्र के एवसीडेंटल इंजीनियर्स, फरसी रोडरिंग्युज इंस्टीट्यूट ऑफ टेक्नोलॉजी, मध्यप्रवेश के कीकोडर्स में इंस्टीट्यूट ऑफ इंजीनियरिंग एंड टेक्नोलॉजी को विजेता घोषित किया। कार्यक्रम समापन पर छात्रों की धकान दूर करने के लिए धुढा कार्यक्रम आयोजित किया गया । घुक्रवार से आयोजित कार्यक्रम में लगातार 36 घंटे तक तमिलनाडु, तेलंगाना, दिल्ली, महाराष्ट्र, उत्तर प्रदेश से आई 26 टीमों ने प्रतिभाग किया । इस प्रोग्राम का आयोजन एआइसीटीड एवं एमएचआरडी द्वारा आयोजित किया गया । आरकेजीआइटी के नोडल सेंटर हेंडप्रताप सनप एवं मुख्य अतिथि एसएम मित्तल ने रविवार शाम विजेताओं का नाम घोषित किए । संस्थान के चेयरमैन दिनेश गोयल एवं अक्षत गोयल ने सभी शिक्षकों व विद्यार्थियों को शुभकामनाएं दी ।









SMART INDIA HACKATHON 2019	CERTIF Particip This Certificate i <u>Riga</u> <u>Actigu</u> of team <u>Y-Not</u> ! 'Smart India Hac	s awarded to for participating in	OF TECHNOLOGY NODAL CENTER SOFTWARE EDITION Grand Finale 2 rd and 3 rd March 2019
R. Subrahmanyam	Dr. Anil D. Saharabushe	Alley Jox Dr. Abbay Jore	Daniel Dark grande Dr. Anand Deshpande Charrage of Mark Present Storm





is awarded to

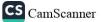
For securing a position in the top 10 teams in the "Telangana Got Tech Talent" hackathon conducted jointly by Blackbucks and JNTUH, Hyderabad.

Nandini

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Soumya Mooda

For securing a position in the top 10 teams in the **"Telangana Got Tech Talent**" hackathon conducted jointly by Blackbucks and JNTUH, Hyderabad.

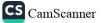


Anuradha Thota Founder & CEO Blackbuck Engineers Pvt. Ltd.





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Heartfulness Education Course Completion Certificate



This is to certify that

Mr/Ms NEELI SANDHYA LAKSHMI

has successfully completed the 4-week certificate course titled



(Heartfulness - Experience Life's Potential)

conducted for Polytechnic Students in association of Department of Technical Education,

Government of Telangana as Online Sessions during the academic year 2020 - 2021

and has learnt the application of Heartfulness meditation tools for the development

of essential life skills and understanding of core human values.

Navin Mittal

Navin Mittal, IAS Commissioner of Technical Education, Telangana State

Kamlesh D. Patel

Kamlesh D. Patel Heartfulness Guide









CERTIFICATE OF MERIT

is awarded to

Hima Sreeja

For securing a position in the top 10 teams in the **"Telangana Got Tech Talent**" hackathon conducted jointly by Blackbucks and JNTUH, Hyderabad.

Anuradha Thota

Founder & CEO Blackbuck Engineers Pvt. Ltd.



Dr. M. Manzoor Hussain Registrar JNT University Hyderabad





unstop

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Certificate of Participation

This is to certify that Venaganti Yashwanth

of Gokaraju Rangaraju Institute of Engineering and Technology (GRIET), Hyderabad has participated in the Coding Round (on Unstop) of Diva Code organised by HopeConflict E-Learning and IT Solutions



